ake cuts in Government spending. Mr. awes at the outset of the meetins was sated beside the President and Cabinet ambers on the stage.

"I am not going to set yeary far with

"I am not going to get very far with u," shouted Gen. Dawes, "unless you lieve I am honest, and—if the President will excuse me-strictly on the square. You men might as well undersand now that you will have to be on your toes all the time. This job has to be done either with your help or with-

it. We must all understand that the suc-"We must all understand that the suc-cess of this undertaking and of the working machinery of the budget system depends on your help in making the President the head of this great business concern in fact as well as in name." Declaring that the basic rules he out-lined must be so firmly established both as "concepts and rules of action" that they never will hereafter be questioned, Gen. Dawes said:

Gen. Dawes said:

"You must understand that I am not an administrator. My duty is to collect information for the President and Congress, who will act, or will not act, in their own judgment. You must fix firmly in your minds the basic principles on which we are to work.

"Pirst keep in your minds that I am enly a gatherer of information. I simply collect information and inake pictures for the President and advise the President."

collect information and make pictures for the President in the responsibility which he now assumes for the first time since the foundation of the Government. When my representatives call on you it is not for the purpose of seeking material for criticism or for praise, but to get information for the President of our great corporation—the United States of America.

earby table with a bang. The Presi-ent, smilingly nodded approval, and en Dawes, adding a little more heat as

went along, resumed:
'In other words, the President is put-

inen cannot tell me know about the duties and indities of bureau chiefs," said Mr. "I'was one myself about twenty ago. I know how you have gone and grabbed off every dollar that ress would give you. And you have tevery dollar Congress allowed you more, and you know it. I'll be honest with you and make the stession that perhaps I did the same ing when I was Comptroller of the arrency. But those were other days hat day is gone."

Gen. Dawes said absolute harmony can be expected between the Budget Hureau and the Congressional Committee on Reclassification.

Regarding the regrouping of Govern-Regarding the r emphasis that his bureau will insist that such amalgamations result in high effi-ciency and that when this result is not apparent he will back bureau heads in any stand they may take for the status quo on such agencies. He said he will always seek for good reasons to justify the regrouping of various agencies and added that it is not his aim to introduce economies which might react adversely to the nublic interest.

Thus ended the meeting, without precedent in Government annals, presaging changes almost immediately of a ravolutionary character in every angle of Government work, and the hundreds of bureau officials made for the exits and back to their desks to pender the meaning of it all.

HARDING IS EXPECTED

TO SIGN ARMY BIL.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Presides the present of th

# AIR FORCES LOCATE

Fleet Planes and Army Dirigibles Rain Bombs on Theoretical Foe.

MAKE TWO DIRECT HITS

Tests Off Virginia Capes Regarded as Tribute to Aircraft Scouting.

BOMB VALUE IN DOUBT

Official Report of Naval Observers Awaited by Sponsors.

ABOARD U. S. S. HENDERSON, BY DEstronger to Norfolk, June 22.—In a
spectacular sham battle to-day the
spectacular sham battle
spectacular sham battle
spectacular sham battle
spectacular sha

Approximately two hours were remember the rules of business, such as obtain in all well conducted corporations.

"This right to all information of every character which may be essential for the guidance of the President will be exercised rigidly. It matters not to me whether it is the washwoman of the highest department official the rules will be observed. The rules now laid down must be those to last for all time. "With all Cabinets, as with the present cabinet, there must be no resentment at incursions of the Budget Director into a particular department. But don't get the idea that the Budget Bureau is a detective agency."

Praise for Secretary Mellon.

Gen. Dawes paid a compliment to Secretary of the Treasury Mellon for his "conception of the necessities of the statuck registered direct hits on the Iowa.

Approximately two hours were required for the location of the Iowa, which for two days has been playing thick of two days has been playing the location of the Iowa, which for two days has been playing the location of the Iowa, which for two days has been playing the location of the Iowa, which for two days has been playing the location of the Iowa, which for two days has been playing the location of the Iowa, which for two days has been playing the location of the Iowa, which for two days has been playing the location of the Iowa, which for two days has been playing the location of the Iowa, which for two days has been playing the location of the Iowa, which for two days has been playing the location of the Iowa, which for two days has been playing the location of the Iowa, which for two days has been playing the highest days has been playi

Gen. Dawes paid a compliment to Secretary of the Treasury Mellon for his "conception of the necessities of the situation." A few days ago Gen. Dawes called Secretary Mellon to his office.

"You men cannot tell me anything I do not know about the duties and responsibilities of bureau chiefs," said Mr. Dawes. "I was one myself about twenty years ago. I know how you have sone out and grabbed off every dollar that Congress would give you. And you have spent every dollar Congress allowed you and more, and you know it.

Only Two Direct Hits.

On the other hand, only two of the eighty bombs dropped by the twenty-two airplanes which participated in the tack registered direct hits on the Iowa, although many of them were close enough to have been in the danger zone, and with a 90 foot beam, instead of an and with a 90 foot beam, instead of an absolete craft 360 feet long and with a 72 foot beam, more direct hits would have been registered.

Rear, Admiral Fullam, who watched

bureau officials made for the exits and back to their desks to ponder the meaning of it all.

The President warmly congratulated Gen. Dawes after the meeting, and expressed hearty approval of his utterance.

REMOVE PIN FROM BABY.

Arkansas Citt, Ark., June 29.—An open safety pin, swallowed several days ago by the eight-month-old son of Mr. and Mrs. George Jacquires of Uncas, Oldia, was removed from the baby's stomach here to-day by physicians. The pin was closed by the use of instruments and lifted out through the child's suth.

Harding is understood to have been advised to-day by Senators Lodge of Massas. The party whip, to sign the army appropriation bill, despite Underwood, same.

Fire brick, 10 per cent. ad valorem: Underwood, same.

The boundary of the would approve the hill, with a message to Congressing his views regarding alleged injustice to the soldiers discharged, the was closed by the use of instruments and lifted out through the child's was tended that any other course than signing the bill would be disastrons in the bull.

EARTHENWARE AND GLASS-WARE.

Fire brick, 10 per cent. ad valorem: Underwood, 5 cents a hundred pounds: Underwood, 5 per cent.

Limestone, 5 cents a hundred pounds: Underwood, 5 per cent.

Gypaum, 25 cents a ton: Underwood, 5 per cent.

Gypaum, 25 cents a ton: Underwood, 50 ten cent.

Gypaum, 25 cents a ton: Underwood, 50 ten cent.

Underwood, 10 per cent.

Limestone, 5 cents a hundred pounds: Underwood, 5 per cent.

Gypaum, 25 cents a ton: Underwood, 50 ten cent.

Underwood, 10 per cent.

Underwood, 5 per cent.

Underwo WASHINGTON, June 35. - President

# \$600,000,000 TARIFF BILL INTRODUCED BY FORDNEY

Asphalt, \$1.50 a ton; Underwood free

TOBACCO AND PRODUCTS.

SUGAR AND MOLASSES.

CHEMICALS.

to 35 per cent. and 7 cents a pound Underwood, 5 to 30 per cent.

those dyes which cannot be obtained in this country at "reasonable prices, in reasonable quantities and of reasonable qualities." will be allowed for a period of three years. The dyes will be classified under broad powers given the United States Tariff Commission.

Custom laws are recodified. This is the first time such a task has been undertaken since 1799.

The cotton textile schedules have been considerably simplified and cotton still

ANNOUNCED IN CAPITAL Rates Agreed Upon Compared With Underwood Law.

**NEW TARIFF SCHEDULES** 

By the Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, June 29.—Following are some of the principal schedules pre-sented in the new permanent tariff bill:

## WOOL

sugar and water 1.16 cents a pound and 0.04 of one cent per pound additional for each additional sugar degree. Underwood 0.71 cent a pound and 0.26 for each additional sugar degree; molasses and syrups testing not above 48 per cent. one cent a gallon, Underwood not above forty degrees, 15 per cent, maple sugar and syrup four cents a pound, Underwood free; sugar cane, one dollar a ton, underwood 15 per cent; sugar candles 30 per cent, underwood 25 per cent.

cent.
Carpets and rugs. 1 to 5 cents a square foot and 20 to 30 per cent ad valorem. Underwood, 20 to 50 per cent.
All mapufactures not specially provided for, 25 per cent., Underwood, 40

# COTTON MANUFACTURES.

Cotton yarn under No. 40, one-fifth of one cent a number a pound. Underwood 5 to 10 per cent.; yarns Nos. 40 to 120, 8 cents a pound, and one-fourth of one cent per number per pound for each number above 40; Underwood 10 to 25 per cent.; sotton waste, 5 per cent.; Underwood 15 per cent a number per pound cent a hundred yards, Underwood 15 per cent.; cloth unbleached, with average yarns under No. 40, fourtenths of one cent per number per pound. Underwood 7½ to 12½ per cent.; above No. 40, 16 cents a pound and fifty-five one hundredths of one cent per number per pound above 40, 10 underwood 17½ to 27½ per cent. Cloth bleached under number 40, forty-five one hundredths of 1 cent per number a pound. Spun silk up cents, above number 40, 15 cents a pound and three-fifths of 1 cent a number and three-fifths of 1 cent a number and three-fifths of 1 cent a number per pound above number 40, Underwood 20 to 30 per cent.

Cotton sateens, 10 per cent. in addition to the rate on cotton cloth. Underwood unlisted, pneumatic tire fabric. 25 per cent. Underwood 25 and 30.

Cloth containing cotton and silk, 50 cents a dozen and 17 per cent. Underwood 35; tracing and oil cloths, 3 cents a square yard and 17 per cent. Underwood, 30; table damasks. 23 per cent. Underwood, 30; table damasks. 23 per cent. Underwood, 35; knist fabrics, 23 to 36 per cent., Underwood, 35; hose and half hose, 35 cents a dozen and 26 per cent, Underwood, 20 to 50 per cent. Underwood, 35; knist fabrics, 23 to 36 per cent, Underwood, 26 to 50 per cent, underwear and other wearing apparel, 40 cents a dozen and 12½ per cent. Underwood, 40 per cent, underwood, 30 per cent, underwood,

Mixed wrapper and filler tobacco, un-stemmed, \$2 a pound: Underwood, \$1.85. Stemmed, \$2.65; Underwood, \$2.50. Filler, unstemmed, 45 cents a pound; Underwood, 36 cents. Stemmed, 60 conts: Underwood, 50 cents. All other tobacco and snuff, 55 cents, and cigars, cigarettes and cheroots, \$4.50 a pound and 25 per cent, ad valorem as provided by the Underwood tariff.

maif hose, 35 cents a dozen and 35 per cent. Underwood. 25 per cent.; Underwood. 26 per cent.; Underwood. 27 per cent.; Underwood. 28 per cent.; Underwood. 30 per cent.; Underwood. 40. Brooms, 15 per cent.; Underwood, 40. Brooms, 15 per cent.; Underwood, 40. Brooms, 15 per cent.; Underwood, 30 per cent.; Underwood, 30 per cent.; Underwood, 30 per cent.; Underwood, 35 per cent.; Underwood, 35 per cent.; Underwood, 35 per cent.; Underwood 36 per cent.

Shirt collars and cuffs, 25 per cent.

Shirt collars and cuffs, 25 per cent.

free.

Tungsten ore and concentrate, 45 cents a pound on tungsten content; Underwood, 15 per cent.

Bar, rolled or hammered from one-fourth of one cent a pound; Underwood, 5 per cent. Steel ingots, two-tenths of one cent a pound and up to six cents a pound, according to value; Underwood, free.

Boiler plate iron or steel, valued up to one cent a pound, seven-twentieths of one cent a pound, over three cents a pound, 20 per cent; Underwood, 12 per cent.

cent. Glycerine, crude, 1 cent per pound, re-fined 3 cents a pound: Underwood, crude 1 cent a pound, refined 2 cents a pound. Ink not specially provided for, 20 per cent.; Underwood, 15 per cent. Iodine, 20 cents a pound; Underwood,

12 per cent.

Beams, girders, joists, seven-twentieths of one cent a pound; Underwood, 19 per cent. Railway wheels, one cent a pound; Underwood, 20 per cent. Cast iron pipe, 10 per cent.; Underwood, 30 per cent. Household utensils, five cents a pound and 30 per cent. Underwood, 30 per cent. Scissors, ten cents each and 30 per cent; Underwood, same.

Razors, valued at less than \$2 a dozen, ten cents each; Underwood, 55 cents. Clocks, from \$1 to \$3; Underwood, 30 cents. Camphor. 25 per cent.; Underwood, 10 5 cents a pound. Menthol. 25 per cent.; Underwood, 50 cents a pound. Animal oils, 8 to 12½ cents a gallon. Linseed oil, 2½ cents a pound; Underwood, 10 cents a gallon. Oilve oil, 6½ cents a pound; Underwood, 30 cents a gallon. Distilled oils, 20 to 25 per cent.; Underwood, 10 to 20 per cent. District oils, 20 to 25 per cent.; Underwood, 10 to 20 per cent.

Paints and colors, 25 per cent., Underwood 20 per cent; soapa, 15 to 30 per cent.; Underwood, 5 to 30 per cent. Starch, 1 to 1½ cents a pound; Underwood 1 cent a pound.

wood, 30 cents.

Automobiles, automobile bodies, chassis, parts, not including tires, 25 per cent. Underwood, 30 to 45 per cent.

(Such articles from countries which

Railroad ties, telegraph and telephone eles 10 per cent., Undewood same. Wheel woods, 10 per cent., Underwood

Pickets, staves and hoops, 10 per

parel, 40 cents a dozen and 12½ per cent.

to 130 a dozen, and 40 per cent. Underwood, 35 per cent.

30 per cent. Underwood 25 to 30 per cent.

Shirt collars and cuffs, 25 cents a dozen and 12½ per cent. Underwood, 30 per cent. curtains, bed sets, &c., 1 cent a square yard and 40 per cent. to 1½ cents a yard and 40 per cent. Underwood, 35 to 45 per cent.

METALS.

Pig iron, scrap steel, scrap tinplate, \$1.25 a ton; Underwood, free.

METALS.

Pig iron, scrap steel, scrap tinplate, \$1.25 a ton; Underwood, free. Manganese ore and concentrates, 1 cent a pound on the manganese content; Underwood free.

Tungsten ore and concentrate, 45 cents a pound, Underwood 55 per cent. Underwood 65 per cent. Steel ingots, two-tenths of one cent a pound and up to six cents a pound, Leather sizes 40 per cent. Underwood 65 per cent. Steel ingots, two-tenths of one cent a pound and up to six cents a pound, Leather sizes 40 per cent. Underwood 55 per cent. Underwood 66.

Laces 37½ to 42 per cent. Underwood 67 per cent. Steel ingots, two-tenths of one cent a pound and up to six cents a pound. Leather sizes 40 per cent. Underwood 50 per cent. Underwood 50 per cent. Underwood 50 per cent. Underwood 60 per cent. Steel ingots, two-tenths of one cent a pound and up to six cents a pound. Leather sizes 40 per cent. Underwood 50 per cent. Under

cent. ad valorem, Underwood 25 cents to \$2 a dozen.
Indiarubber, gutta percha and bone products 20 to 35 per cent., Underwood 10 to 25. Musical instruments 35 per cent., Underwood same.
Phonographs, 30 per cent.; Underwood, 25. Sponges, 16 per cent.; Underwood, 10. Lead pencile, 50 cents a gross and 25 per cent.; Underwood, 36 cents a gross. Cameras, 30 per cent.; Underwood, 15.
Motion picture films, 30 per cent.; Underwood, 16, holders, &c., 45 per cent.; Underwood, 25. Hatters' plush, 10 per cent; Underwood same. Umbrellas, 35 per cent.; Underwood same. Umbrellas, 35 per cent.; Underwood same.

# PAPER AND BOOKS.

impose a duty greater than 25 per cent.
on American cars would carry a duty equal to that imposed in their own countries.)

Airplanes. 30 per cent.; Underwood, unlisted. Bicycles, motorcycles. 30 per cent.; Underwood, 5 per cent. Tissue, five to six cents.; Underwood, 25 per cent. Aluminum, five cents a pound: Underwood, two cents. Tin, bars or pigs, two cents a pound and 15 per cent.; Underwood. 25 per cent. Books of all kinds, bound or unbound, 20 per cent.; Underwood, 15 per cent. The rate for a period of two years was placed at two cents a pound.

The provided for, one cent a pound and 10 per cent.; Underwood, 15 per cent. Underwood, 30 per cent. Underwood, 25 per cent. Underwood, 25 per cent. Books of all kinds, bound or unbound, 20 per cent.; Underwood, 15 per cent.; Underwood, 25 per cent.; Underwood, 25 per cent.; Underwood, 25 per cent.; Underwood, 25 per cent.; Underwood, 26 per cent.; Underwood, 27 per cent.

# The New Muncey for Sport Wear A white buckskin, plain toe, (Canadian Pattern) oxford with dark Russia instep, rubber soles, and bevel rubber heels. Lasts and Patterns exclusively our own design. WHITEHOUSE & HARDY OADWAY AT 40" STREET 144 WEST 42" STREET KNICKERBOCKER BUILDING NEW YORK

BUSINESS HOURS: 9:00 A. M. TO 5:00 P. M. CLOSED ALL DAY SATURDAY

# Franklin Simon & Co.

A Store of Individual Shops FIFTH AVENUE, 37th and 38th STS.

Latest Arrival in Fashion With No Rivals in Price . ...

# CRÉPE METEOR **PETTICOATS** WITH HIP-LENGTH

SHADOW-PROOF HEM

5.00

Combine the vogue of soft silk fabrics with the vogue of step-in fashions. In white or black with hip-length hem.

# COSTUME SLIP OF CRÉPE METEOR

9 75

Specially designed for wear with frocks of the Vionnet type. Tailored strap model with hemstitched top and hem; in white or black.

FEMININE LINGERIE SHOP-First Floor Take Elevators

# **New Price Makes Chalmers** Still Better Investment-

The worth of the those who have Chalmers as a motor driven other cars. car investment has been strikingly apparent for some time.

But at its new low prices, this wonderful car offers still greater value to the automobile buyer.

With prices \$300 to \$450 less than last year, the Chalmers and have its supeappeals even more to riority proved to you.

Its fine performance

and low maintenance

costs have made a

marked impression on those who know automobiles. We suggest that you investigate the Chalmers at once,

NEW PRICES S-Pass. Touring Car \$1545 Sport Car . . . \$1695 Roadster . . . 1495 Coupe . . . . 2295 7-Pass. Touring Car 1795 Sedan . . . . 2445

# Prices F. O. B. Factory, war tax to be added MAXWELL DISTRIBUTING CORP.,

1808 Broadway, Corner 59th St. TELEPHONE CIRCLE 5550

Brenx Branch: 175th Street and Grand Concourse Telephone Tremont 4914 OPEN EVENINGS

CHALMERS

# The studies about home being a studied and the studies about a studied of the studies about a



